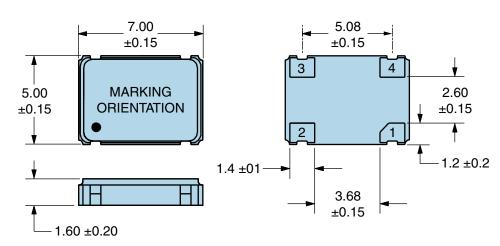


Nominal Frequency	24.704MHz	
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	±25ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C, Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Ouput Load Change, First Year Aging at 25°C, Shock, and Vibration)	
Aging at 25°C	±5ppm/year Maximum	
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C to +70°C	
Supply Voltage	5.0Vdc ±10%	
Input Current	10mA Maximum (No Load)	
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	2.4Vdc Minimum with TTL Load, Vdd-0.5Vdc Minimum with HCMOS Load	
Input Current Logic High (Ioh)	-4mA	
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	0.4Vdc Maximum with TTL Load, 0.5Vdc Maximum with HCMOS Load	
Input Current Logic Low (IoI)	4mA	
Rise/Fall Time	10nSec Maximum (Measured at 0.4Vdc to 2.4Vdc with TTL Load; Measured at 10% to 90% of waveform with HCMOS Load)	
Duty Cycle	50 ±5(%) (Measured at 50% of waveform with HCMOS Load or with TTL Load)	
Load Drive Capability	Low Drive (10LSTTL Load or 30pF HCMOS Load Maximum)	
Output Logic Type	CMOS	
Pin 1 Connection	Tri-State (High Impedance)	
Tri-State Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	+2.0Vdc Minimum to enable output, +0.8Vdc Maximum to disable output (High Impedance), No Connect to enable output.	
RMS Phase Jitter	1pSec Maximum (12kHz to 20MHz offset frequency)	
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	

Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A	
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C	
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210	
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215	
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003	
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010	
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

### **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)**



PIN	CONNECTION	
1	Tri-State	
2	Ground	
3	Output	
4	Supply Voltage	
LINE MARKING		
1	ECLIPTEK	
2	24.704M	
3	XXYZZ	

XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

### Suggested Solder Pad Layout

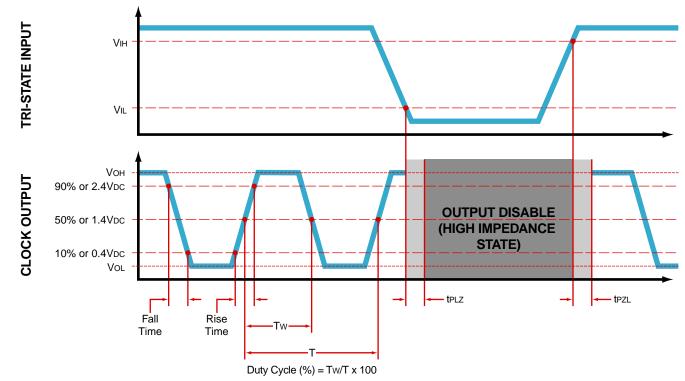
All Dimensions in Millimeters



All Tolerances are ±0.1

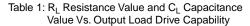


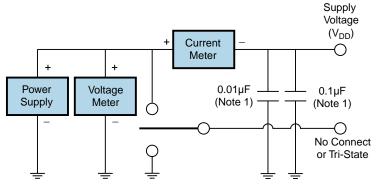
#### **OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM**

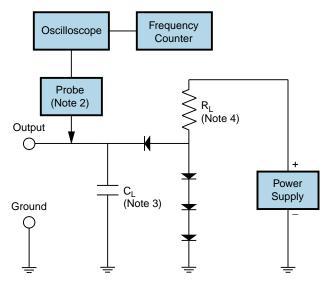


#### Test Circuit for TTL Output

Output Load Drive Capability	R <sub>L</sub> Value (Ohms)	C <sub>L</sub> Value (pF)
10TTL	390	15
5TTL	780	15
2TTL	1100	6
10LSTTL	2000	15
1TTL	2200	3







Note 1: An external 0.1µF low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01µF high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V<sub>DD</sub> pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth

(>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

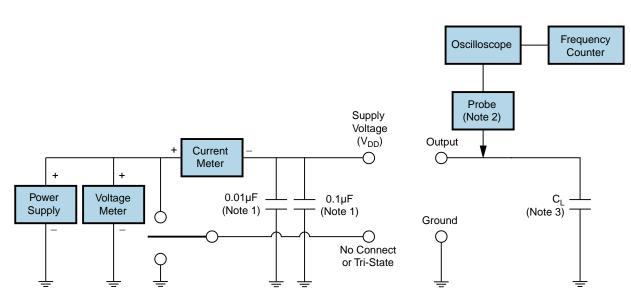
Note 3: Capacitance value  $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$  includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

Note 4: Resistance value R<sub>L</sub> is shown in Table 1. See applicable specification sheet for 'Load Drive Capability'.

Note 5: All diodes are MMBD7000, MMBD914, or equivalent.



### **Test Circuit for CMOS Output**



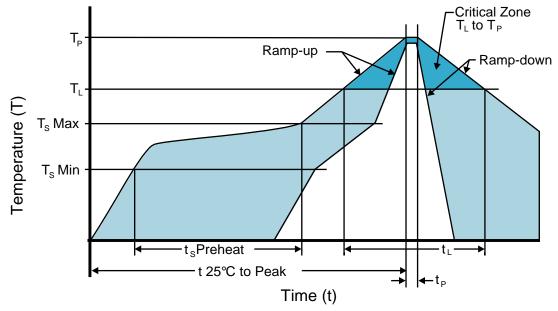
Note 1: An external 0.1µF low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01µF high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V<sub>DD</sub> pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value  $\dot{C}_1$  includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.



## **Recommended Solder Reflow Methods**



### **High Temperature Infrared/Convection**

EC2525TTS-24.704M

<b>3</b> 1	
T <sub>s</sub> MAX to T <sub>L</sub> (Ramp-up Rate)	3°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>s</sub> MIN)	150°C
<ul> <li>Temperature Typical (T<sub>s</sub> TYP)</li> </ul>	175°C
<ul> <li>Temperature Maximum (T<sub>s</sub> MAX)</li> </ul>	200°C
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	60 - 180 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T⊾ to T <sub>P</sub> )	3°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T∟)	217°C
- Time (t∟)	60 - 150 Seconds
Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> Target)	250°C +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual peak (t <sub>p</sub> )	20 - 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	8 minutes Maximum
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.



## **Recommended Solder Reflow Methods**

EC2525TTS-24.704M



### Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 240°C

$T_s$ MAX to $T_L$ (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>s</sub> MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T <sub>s</sub> TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T <sub>s</sub> MAX)	N/A
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	60 - 120 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T⊾ to T <sub>P</sub> )	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T∟)	150°C
- Time (t∟)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	240°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> Target)	240°C Maximum 1 Time / 230°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (t <sub>p</sub> )	10 seconds Maximum 2 Times / 80 seconds Maximum 1 Time
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.

#### Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.)

### **High Temperature Manual Soldering**

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures shown are applied to body of device.)